

Practical Provincial Guide / Map







From the first Palaeolithic

settlers who inhabited the

century, Seville has always

cultures. Throughout the

been a great **melting pot of**

province there are remains of

ancient civilisations, from the

prehistoric dolmens of

Valencina, to the El

style of architecture.

banks of the river to the

inhabitants of the **21st**

Handicrafts

The **broad craft tradition** of

the province manifests itself in

a whole range of activities

from traditionalt ceramics, to

eatherwork, furniture making,

production of textiles and

mbroidered materials...

Amongst the most distinctive

products of craft workshops is

religious embroidery and

Festivals and Traditions Gastronomy



www.andalucia.org



Avda. de la Constitución, 21B.

Tel.: 954 782 035. Fax: 954 782 034

41007 Sevilla Tel.: 954 782 002. Fax: 954 822 021

Turismo Andaluz, S. A. C/ Compañía, 40. 29008 Málaga









Seville lived its period of maximum splendour during the **16th**

the point of entry into

Spain of all the riches of

the New World. It was this

that led to the particular

Sevillian **baroque style**

Marchena, Écija, and

sumptuous heritage of

Osuna, with such a

architectural wealth.

such as Carmona,

which has endowed towns

century, when it became the Port of the Indies, and as such,

manila shawls which are produced all over the province and are closely associated with the world of the religious brotherhoods of Itálica, the first Roman colony founded in Hispania. and processions. There is also an important number of workshops The arrival of the **Moors** led to a period of **urban consolidation** which produce **glazed ceramic tiles**, and a wide range of which is still evident today in the **layout** of many of the **towns** earthenware objects. and villages of the province. The period saw the building of Another of the most important numerous **castles**, **fortresses**, and **walls** which were combined later, following the **Christian reconquest**, with the **Mudejar**

artisan trades in the province is the production of **horse** accessories. The close relationship between the province and the world of equestrianism is well reflected in the production of a whole range of products including

saddles, head-pieces, bridles, etc. and this craft industry is particularly important in the towns and villages in the **Lower Guadalquivir**, most notably Lebrija and Las Cabezas de San Juan.

The typical **railings** of Sevillian balconies and windows with their lamps, and lanterns are created in the province's traditional forges, whilst the making of products using cane or esparto also continues to play a significant role.



f there is one thing which seduces everyone who visits Seville it is the joyous, open nature of its people, something which is clearly embodied by the numerous festivities and ferias which take place in the province. The hustle and bustle of the **Carnival** is followed by the solemnity of Easter Week, with

its powerfully evocative processions. With the onset of spring there is an explosion of festivities: the May Crosses, which are celebrated in a particularly dramatic way in **Lebrija**, so much so that the festivity has been declared an event of **National Tourist Interest**; the

pilgrimages, some of which are local and others much larger, such as that of **El Rocio**, which attracts religious brotherhoods from all over Andalusia; the **ferias** which carry on right through the summer until the onset of

autumn... The solemn processions of Corpus Christi, and the ferias and fiestas to celebrate the day of San Juan mark the onset of

summer with all its flamenco and cultural festivals including the Potaje Gitano Flamenco Festival, in Utrera, and the Joaquín el de la Paula Festival in Alcalá de Guadaíra... Castilblanco de los Arroyos hosts one of the province's most unusual celebrations in July, the Water Festival. Last but not least, there are numerous bullfighting fiestas which take place all over the province.



and wines matured using the traditional crianza method or ageing processes such as those produced in the Aljarafe area or those known as Vinos de la Tierra which are typical of **Los Palacios** or the **Sierra Norte**; a great variety

of fruit and fresh vegetables; rice grown in the marshlands; **honey**; fresh **fish** from the nearby coast; **poultry** and **game**; cured pork products...

Another important element on every table is the **bread** which has traditionally been baked

in places like Alcalá de Guadaíra, Las Cabezas de San Juan, and El Cuervo for generation after generation. The list of recipes is long and varied and there is no better way to sample it than to go for **tapas**, an activity which

of the Sierra Norte.

is extremely popular throughout the province. Mantecados, polvorones, pestiños, gañotes, rosas or roscos are just some of Seville's delicious confectionery products, and finally, we mustn't forget the famous anises and liqueurs



The Campiña Route

The Campiña, the largest section of the province, is notable for its monumental architecture, a testimony of its rich history. This is combined with attractive open countryside, a host of fiestas and traditions, and a wealth of gastronomic delights, including the famous mantecados from **Estepa**. The Campiña offers two tourist routes of special interest: the **Artealia Roman Bética** routes. Archaeological remains, fortresses, minarets, churches, cathedrals, universities, convents, and baroque facades are all to be found in its towns and villages: Alcalá de Guadaíra, Arahal,

Cañada Rosal, Carmona, Écija,

El Rubio, El Viso del Alcor, Este-

Campana, Lantejuela, La Luisia-

pa, Fuentes de Andalucía, La

na, La Puebla de Cazalla, Los

Molares, Mairena del Alcor,



rooted **mining**, **farming**, and

is notable for its **diversity of**

landscapes, with open

mountains with their rich

hunting reserves. Its white

villages are: Aznalcóllar, Castil-

blanco de los Arroyos, El Cas-ti-

livestock rearing traditions, it

farmland, the meadows where

the wild bulls are bred, and the

Algámitas, Aguadulce, Badolatosa, Casariche, Coripe, El Coronil, El Saucejo, Gilena, Herrera, La Roda de Andalucía, Lora de Estepa, Los Corrales, Marinaleda, Martín de la Jara, Montellano, Morón de la Fra., Pedrera, Pruna, and Villanueva de San Juan are the attractive **white villages** which populate the Sierra Sur of Seville. With their roots going back to the Moorish, Roman, and **Iberian** cultures, they are surrounded by **beautiful** countryside which gradually changes from the **gently undulating** campiña to ever more

rugged and mountainous

landscapes. There are striking

unspoilt natural areas such as

its colony of **griffon vultures**,

the **Peñón de Zaframagón**, with

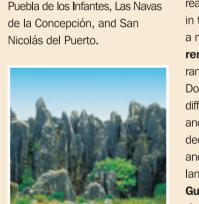
and the saltwater lagoon of El

follow the route of the notorious bandolero José María El **Tempranillo**, or walk along the Vía Verde green route, which will soon be open.



The Sierra **Norte Route**

Seville's Sierra Norte reflects a perfect equilibrium between culture and nature, and its numerous attractions include its landscape of mountains and forests, its castles, its shrines, and its charming **popular** architecture. The central feature is the Nature Park itself which offers a whole range of outdoor activities including walking, horse riding, and climbing. Amongst the landscapes of hillsides and Mediterranean woodland, places of particular beauty include the **Huesna** This area which accompanies the Waterfalls, the Huéznar river, River **Guadalquivir** as it passes and the Cerro del Hierro, hothrough the province of Seville me to deer, wild boars, otters,



and a whole range of bird spe-

cies. The towns and villages which

go to make up the area include:

Alanís de la Sierra, Almadén de

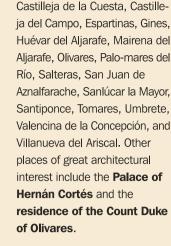
Constantina, El Pedroso, El Real

la Plata, Cazalla de la Sierra,

de la Jara, Guadalcanal, La

The Aljarafe

"high lands", the Aljarafe, to the west of the city of Seville, is a landscape of gently sloping hillsides with vineyards, olive groves, and fruit trees, which have given it a huge range of gastronomic delights. It is also an area which is rich in culture, tradition, history, and art. The megalithic burial sites of La Pastora, Matarrubillas and **Ontiveros**, go back to the Copper Age, whereas the Romans left their ample legacy in Itálica, and the Moorish period is still visible in porticos, windows, plinths, and tiles, and in the shrines and **churches** which can be seen in most of the villages of the area: Albaida del



Aljarafe, Almensilla, Benacazón

Bormujos, Camas, Carrión de los

Céspedes, Castilleja de Guzmán,

Bollullos de la Mitación,



Guadalquivir-Doñana Route

can be divided into three sections

velcomes the river as it leaves

the province of Cordoba; Doñana

in the south west; and the Lower

Guadalquivir to the south, which

the **Vega** (floodplain), which

bids farewell to the river as it reaches the sea. The tributaries in the Vega are also the site of a number of archaeological remains and they offer a whole range of outdoor activities. The Doñana area is a strikingly different marshland eco-system and the nature reserve has been declared a Biosphere Reserve and a World Heritage Site. The landscape of the **Lower Guadalquivir** is notable for its rice fields and there are also a number of haciendas where the famous Andalusian horse is bred. The main villages and towns include Alcalá del Río, Alcolea del Río, Aznalcázar, Brenes, Burguillos, Cantillana, Coria del Río, Dos Hermanas, El Cuervo, Gelves, Isla Mayor, La Algaba, La Rinconada, Las Cabezas de San Juan, Lebrija, Lora del Río, Los Palacios, Peñaflor, Pilas, Puebla del Río, Tocina, Villanueva del Río y Minas, Villaverde del Río and Villamanrique de la Condesa.



CONTRACTOR DESCRIPTION OF THE PARTY OF THE P

The Silver Road

ce is the Vía de la Plata, an area of transition between the vallevs of the Guadalquivir and the Guadiamar rivers and the Sierra **Morena.** An area with deeply

Route

To the **north west** of the provin-

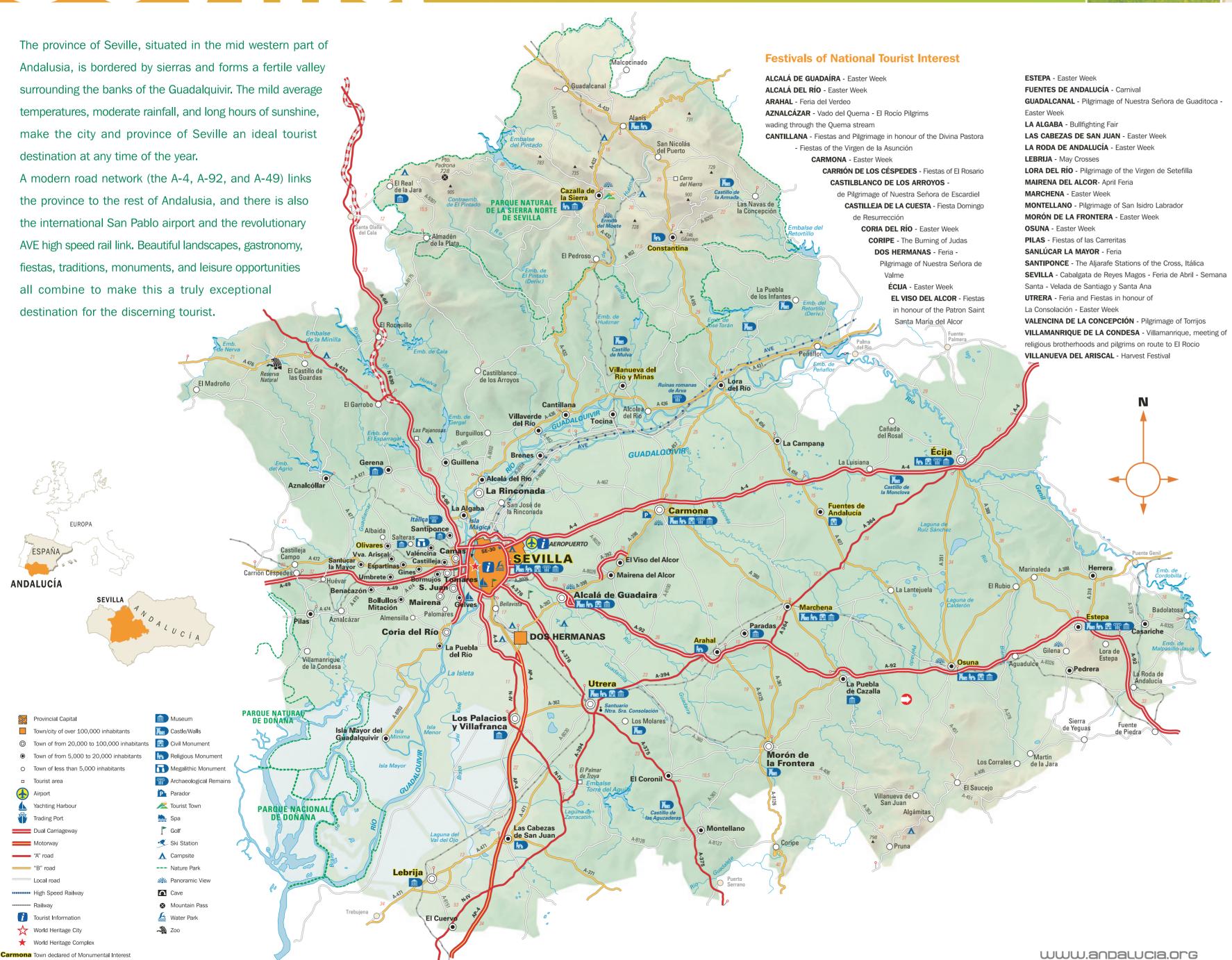












Nature and Active Tourism



There are a considerable number of interesting protected areas in the province, offering marvellous scenery and a whole range of outdoor activities. Of particular note for their flora and fauna are the Sierra Norte and Doñana nature parks, the former the largest protected area

in the province with **lush** wooded hillsides where the wild bulls graze, and the latter, a

unique marshland area with numerous bird species which is part of the **Doñana National Park**, an extremely important nature reserve which has been declared a Biosphere Reserve and a World Heritage Site. The province contains a large

number of other **natural areas** which are well worth a visit. To mention just a few: the wetlands of Lantejuela, Utrera, Lebrija-Las Cabezas, and El Gosque, in Martín de la Jara; the Cordobilla and Malpasillo reservoirs, in Badolatosa; the **Peñón de** Zaframagón crag with its colony





Brazo del Este, Cañada de los Pájaros, and Dehesa de Abajo in Puebla del Río; the Cascadas del Huesna and Cerro del Hierro, in San Nicolás del Puerto; and the Green Corridor of the Guadiamar Apart from their natural

characteristics, many of these areas are ideal for practising a

whole range of outdoor pursuits including walking, horse riding, climbing, rowing, fishing, hunting, aerial sports... Another sport which is rapidly

growing in importance is golf, and there are a number of modern courses with all the necessary infrastructures and facilities. Despite Seville being an inland province it is also possible to enjoy boating or water sports thanks to marinas like that of Gelves.

Theme parks such as Isla

Concepción Soto, 69 (Las Pajanosas) \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 955 781 106

OFICINA MUNICIPAL DE TURISMO

OFICINA MUNICIPAL DE TURISMO Plaza de Andalucía, 6 - 2ª planta \$\pi\$ 955 810 600

OFICINA MUNICIPAL DE TURISMO

LA PUEBLA DE CAZALLA

Mágica or animal reserves such as that of El Castillo de las **Guardas**, are just two more of the innumerable leisure opportunities the province has to offer.

Tourist Offices

AGUADULCE

OFICINA MUNICIPAL DE TURISMO Juan Ramón Jiménez, 34 ☎ 954 816 021

ALCALÁ DE GUADAÍRA

OFICINA MUNICIPAL DE TURISMO

Juez Pérez Diaz, s/n ☎955 621 924

ALMADÉN DE LA PLATA OFICINA MUNICIPAL DE TURISMO

OFICINA MUNICIPAL DE TURISMO

CANTILLANA OFICINA MUNICIPAL DE TURISMO

OFICINA MUNICIPAL DE TURISMO

CAZALLA DE LA SIERRA

OFICINA MUNICIPAL DE TURISMO

Arco de la Puerta de Sevilla, s/n \$\pi 954 190 955 CASTILBLANCO DE LOS ARROYOS

OFICINA MUNICIPAL DE TURISMO

CASTILLEJA DE LA CUESTA OFICINA MUNICIPAL DE TURISM Camino del Agua, s/n \$\pi 954 163 333

GERENA

OFICINA MUNICIPAL DE TURISMO Avda. de los Canteros, s/n 2954 117 086

OFICINA MUNICIPAL DE TURISMO Plaza Duque de Alba, 4 - 1ªplanta \$\pi\$955 761 160

GUILLENA

OFICINA MUNICIPAL DE TURISMO Avda. Andalucía, s/n ☎955 881 297 OFICINA MUNICIPAL DE TURISMO

HERRERA

OFICINA MUNICIPAL DE TURISMO Cervantes, 81 ☎954771317 OFICINA MUNICIPAL DE TURISMO Mercado Municipal, Pontezuelo, 13 ☎ 954 012 979

OFICINA MUNICIPAL DE TURISMO Edificio Ayuntamiento, Plaza de España, 1 Φ 955 902 933

EL PEDROSO

CORIA DEL RÍO

OFICINA MUNICIPAL DE TURISMO Plaza de España, s/n & 954 889 685

EL REAL DE LA JARA

☎ 955 974 068 OFICINA MUNICIPAL DE TURISMO LOS PALACIOS Y VILLAFRANCA

EL RONQUILLO

OFICINA MUNICIPAL DE TURISMO Parque de Observación de la Naturaleza. Cantarrana, s/n \$954 131 009 **ESTEPA**

OFICINA MUNICIPAL DE TURISMO

OFICINA MUNICIPAL DE TURISMO **FUENTES DE ANDALUCÍA** Las Torres, 40 **☎** 955 846 167

OFICINA MUNICIPAL DE TURISMO Fernando de Llera, 5 ☎954836818

MORÓN DE LA FRONTERA OFICINA MUNICIPAL DE TURISMO Pozo Nuevo, 41 5955 854 821

OFICINA MUNICIPAL DE TURISMO Carrera, 82 (antiguo Hospital) **☎** 954 815 732

Avda, Constitución, 21 B \$\alpha\$ 954 787 578 OFICINA MUNICIPAL DE TURISMO UTRERA OFICINA MUNICIPAL DE TURISMO

SANLÚCAR LA MAYOR

SANTIPONCE

SEVILLA

La Feria, s/n ☎ 955 998 028

OFICINAS DE TURISMO

ANDALUCÍA
Aeropuerto de San Pablo,
Autopista de San Pablo, s/n

954 782 035

Estación de Santa Justa.

Avda. Kansas City, s/n \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 954 782 002

OFICINA MUNICIPAL DE TURISMO

OFICINA MUNICIPAL DE TURISMO

Edificio Laredo. Plaza de San Francisco, 19 **a** 954 595 288

OFICINAS DE TURISMO DE LA JUNTA DE

Plaza Virgen de los Reyes, 8 \$\pi 955 700 438

San Fernando, 2 **☎** 954 873 387 VILLAMANRIQUE DE LA CONDESA OFICINA MUNICIPAL DE TURISMO

Plaza de España, 1 ☎ 955 755 632





